

# JASPER WEEKLY COURIER

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## PUT LIBERTY BOND INTEREST IN U. S. SAVINGS SECURITIES

On November 15 Uncle Sam Will Pay Out \$148,517,248; Keep Dollars Working.

The United States government will have one of its biggest pay days on November 15, when Liberty Bond interest to the amount of \$148,517,248 will be available for the wise investors who bought Liberty bonds to re-invest their interest in War Savings stamps and Treasury Savings certificates of \$100 and \$1,000 denominations, which virtually are "baby bonds."

The wise person will not join in the orgy of spending which now seems to be going on in all sections of the country. The wise spender is the wise saver. Keep your dollars growing. A dollar now in purchasing power is not worth more than 50 cents as compared with five years ago. That dollar, in due season, will go back to the one hundred cents. So if a dollar is invested now, it will be worth approximately twice as much when the War Savings stamps or the Treasury Savings certificates mature. It is wisdom for every one to keep their income increasing until money is worth more. You can do that by re-investing your Liberty bond interest on November 15 in War Savings stamps and Treasury Savings certificates, which pay 4 per cent interest compounded quarterly.

All you have to do is to take your Liberty bond coupons to any post office and almost any bank and exchange them for War Savings stamps, which are nondepreciable and non-fluctuating. In case you ever need the money, you always can cash them at any post office on ten days' notice. Each purchaser of War Savings stamps gains sure profit and insurance for the future. The government gains some money and assures and stabilizes its financial safety and prosperity by assuring the financial future of its citizens.

Uncle Sam has another pay day on December 15 when \$143,533,376.65 will be available for re-investment.

Don't forget these dates. Go to a post office or bank and put your Liberty bond coupons in War Savings stamps.

## —BUY ONLY WHAT YOU NEED—

## PLANTS PAY TO AID W. S. S.

Industrial Concerns Boost U. S. Savings Societies—Timekeepers as Secretaries.

The campaign to organize government Savings societies in all the industrial plants of the Seventh District is being pushed with vigor. By means of posters, which are being placed on bulletin boards and in other conspicuous parts of the plants, the worker is impressed with the fact that he is one of the vital factors depended upon to reduce the high cost of living. The cartoon posters visualize to him just what he can do to stop waste and reduce the cost of living. "Don't buy what you don't need" is one of the chief points brought home to the worker in these plants as elsewhere. "Work, Save and Succeed" (W. S. S.) is another of the new slogans of the government.

Many of the plants have taken a live interest in the campaign to get the workers to spend judiciously, save regularly and invest their savings in safe securities—War Savings stamps and the new Treasury Savings certificates of \$100 and \$1,000, which are virtually "baby bonds."

In a number of plants a man paid by the concern itself is made the government representative. All of his time is devoted to the work of organizing Savings societies. The timekeeper in each department is appointed secretary of a society and this timekeeper is a constant reminder to his fellow workers of the time to invest in the government securities.

Put Liberty Bond Interest in W. S. S.

There is still some dispute as to who won the war, but taking a look at Shantung it appears that Japan did.

She may take her bathing suit to water, but it doesn't mean that she's going to swim.

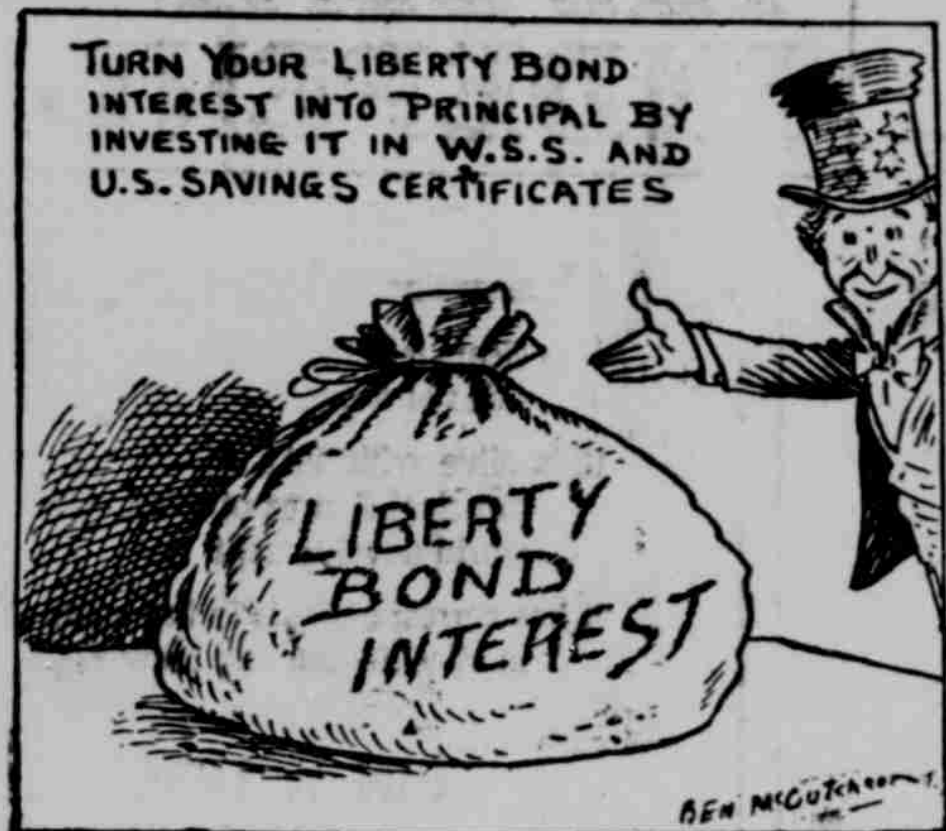
## QUAKER ACROSTIC.

The man who saveth money  
Hath his future guaranteed;  
Remorse o'er substance wasted  
Is unknown to him indeed.  
Fortune smileth on him,  
Things he hath as he may need.

The man who spendeth wisely,  
Hath no idle, wasted hour;  
Ruleth cities—even nations—  
Interest for him doth flower,  
For he learneth as he liveth  
Thrift succeedeth—thrift is power.

## \$148,000,000 PAY DAY NOV. 15; GET BUSY

TURN YOUR LIBERTY BOND INTEREST INTO PRINCIPAL BY INVESTING IT IN W. S. S. AND U. S. SAVINGS CERTIFICATES



We invite you to become a member of the Liberty League. Membership free. We rely entirely upon voluntary contributions for our support and maintenance. It is a fundamental principle of this organization that no dues, assessments or other demands for money can be made against a member. A new member is privileged to attend all the meetings and entertainments of the Chapter to which he is assigned.

We all know that the billions spent during the late war were used in the destruction of property and the killing of human beings. Many generations to come will struggle with this enormous debt. The same amount of wealth spent in construction instead of destruction would make the world a Garden of Eden. It is not conceivable that the American people would make this tremendous sacrifice in the interest of humanity without demanding that humanity receive great and lasting benefits. We are living in a world that is being re-made. The gulf between yesterday and today is an abyss that staggers the memory. We think in new terms, thrill to new emotions, respond to new appeals. From "splendid isolation" our nation leaps into the maelstrom of world politics, women are sharing the franchise, and the greatest country on earth has entered without revolution into a new era. We are organizing a political party, known as the Liberty League. The platform of this party contains but one plank: "A government for the people, of the people and by the people."

We do not advocate revolution or violence. We believe that through the ballot we can elect men to Congress who will speedily bring the people into their own.

Let us labor to destroy utterly any basis for the belief that somehow or other, conditions of social, economic or political life are crystallizing more and more into the interest of the favored few, and less and less in the interest of the mass of the people.

We stand for the rule of the majority as exemplified by the ballot box. We believe that it is not well, during periods of social unrest, to pass drastic laws that infringe upon personal liberty.

We oppose a protective tariff. Although the fact is beautifully concealed the ultimate consumer is forced to bear an unfair share of the taxes which run this government. This contributes to the high cost of living. Our clothes and nearly every article we buy would be cheaper if we removed the tariff.

We advocate a more equitable and simplified system of taxation. We favor the establishment of government agricultural colonies and industrial centers where the unemployed can find employment. The establishment of these colonies will further reduce the high cost of living. The scarcity of farm labor has automatically increased the price of food.

We advocate liberal appropriations for the building and maintenance of public highways. Build good roads now and see how quickly good time will roll down the road. Convict labor should be used in part.

We favor government ownership of the railroads and other public utilities.

We favor a lottery conducted by the government, the net proceeds to be used for public charity.

It is hard to find legal means to assess a property tax that will support charitable enterprises of any magnitude.

We have assurances that a national lottery, conducted along certain lines would furnish efficient revenue for this purpose.

We are opposed to all forms of taxation directed solely against the ultimate consumer of small means. As an example: the soft drink tax, the amusement tax, the tax on cloth, etc. This money had better be raised by taxing idle wealth that is not caught by the income tax.

We desire to show our appreciation to the men and women who are contributing to the support of the League. One half of every contribution is placed in what is known as the "contributors fund." Out of this fund we are paying back all contributors double the amount of their contribution. These contributors are being taken care of in their numerical order.

The remaining half of each contribution is being used at this time in promoting the league and in publicity work. We hope that the day is not far distant when we will have sufficient funds to maintain a home for the League in every county in the United States.

It is not unusual for a Chapter to be composed entirely of women. Can women agree? Have they a sense of sex equality? Can they organize and not lose their ideals? Politicians say "no". The Liberty League and its women members say "yes".

Probably more people than were killed in the world war will die of the coming war of the unfed and the impoverished against famine and poverty. The fight is now on. Will you enlist and do your bit?

The fight for democracy has been won. The United States of America has de-fined to lead the world in the march for freedom and the emancipation of humanity. Let us of America, remembering all that is best and noblest in our traditions, do every line in our power to carry forward the banner of the new international righteousness. Our responsibility and our opportunity are at hand.

Revolutionary communism by whatever name it may be called, must be met and put down wherever it appears as subversive to Liberty.

This nation cannot be ruled by capital and it cannot be ruled by labor. Both capital and labor must be subject to the Government. The Government must be supreme.

Just claims of labor should be recognized.

The league might well be termed the Anti-Bolshevik party.

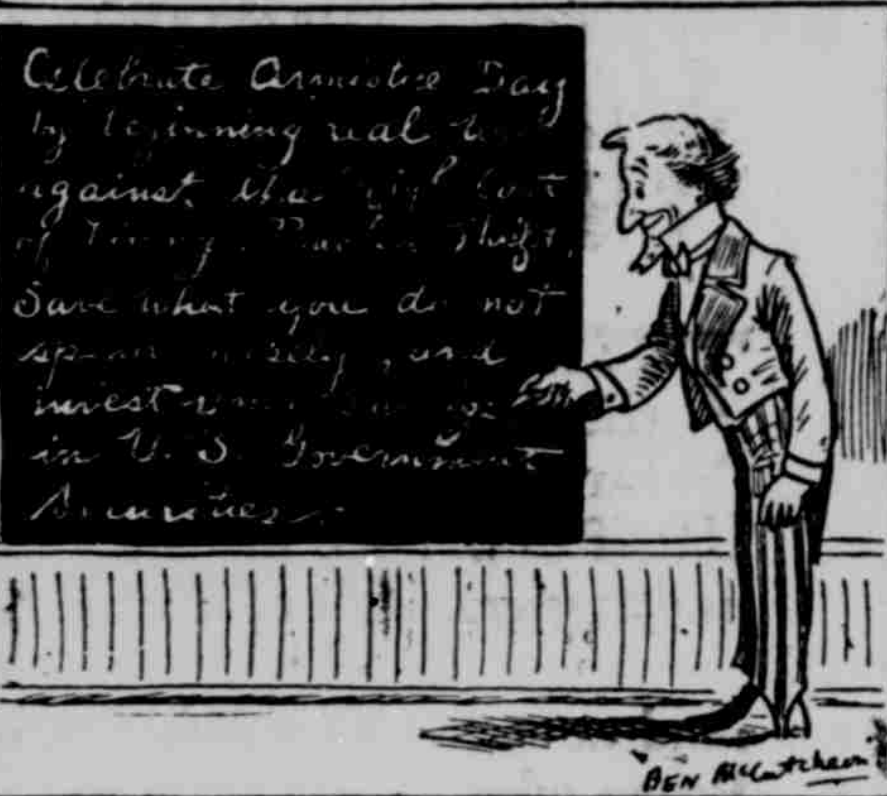
Send in your membership, your contribution or both to The Liberty League, 2817 Eden Avenue, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Advertisement.

Attend  
LOCKYER'S BUSINESS COLLEGE  
EVANSVILLE, INDIANA  
"A SCHOOL WITH A REPUTATION"

LARGE ATTENDANCE  
NINE TEACHERS  
FIFTY TYPEWRITERS  
LESSONS BY MAIL  
SEND FOR NEW CATALOG

## SAVINGS CHALK-TALK BY UNCLE SAM



## GIRLS HIDE AS THIEF LOOTS HOME

Chocolates and Novel Abandoned for Flight When Burglar Enters.

San Francisco.—A box of chocolates and a popular novel were enough excitement for the evening, thought Miss Agnes Driscoll, 832 Clayton street, and two or her friends—Miss Frances and Miss Emma McCauley—when they went to bed.

The Misses McCauley were spending the night with Miss Driscoll. All



Listening at the Keyhole.

are students at the University of California.

They ate chocolates and read about the stunts of the hero until very late, and then—

There were noises in the next room. The reader suddenly stopped. The hero was forgotten and so were the chocolates. For there, crouching under the dining table, was a burglar. He had climbed in through a window.

It was high time for the hero to make his appearance. But he was late.

The three young women jumped out of bed. They ran into another room and locked the door. There they listened at the keyhole while the burglar went about his work of ransacking the place.

Pretty soon they heard him go away through the front door. Then they came out. One of them telephoned the Park police station.

## Barber Cuts Throat of Sleepy Customer.

Napa, Cal.—James G. Maxwell of this city had the exciting experience of starting to sleep in the barber chair when he was startled to find the barber cutting his throat.

He fought his way out of the chair and ran to the police station. The barber is under arrest and is believed to be mentally deranged.

He declared the razor slipped. Nine stitches were required to close the wound.

## PUT COLLEGE SAVINGS CLUBS IN ALL THE HIGH SCHOOLS

Seventh District W. S. S. Organization to Aid Children, Build Up Fund for Education.

College Savings clubs in all the high schools of the Seventh District is the aim of the War Savings educational committee, of which Shailer Mathews is the chairman. This new plan was decided upon at a recent meeting of the committee at the Chicago headquarters. The object is to get high school students to prepare for a college education through saving and investment in War Savings stamps. To secure special training in a college, technical school, normal school, professional school or university costs money, but regular saving by high school students will open the way for any boy or girl of determination. Money can be earned after school, on Saturdays and during the vacation periods. Some boys and girls have an allowance from parents. Frequently they receive cash gifts. This money put into Thrift and War Savings stamps will work for the high school students while they are getting their preliminary education.

Mrs. Alfred J. Benson, manager of the division of schools and churches for Illinois, strongly urged the keeping of a personal account by children. She points out that there are three sources of income for the school child. They are individual earnings, allowances by the parents and gifts. Some system of individual accounts for school children may be worked out by the committee later.

The normal schools and teachers' colleges of the district will receive the attention of the committee. An effort will be made to have Thrift courses put in both these classes of educational institutions at once.

At the meeting of the committee were: Shailer Mathews, chairman; E. U. Graft of Indianapolis; J. V. McNally, Detroit; Thomas Boyce, Milwaukee; Mrs. F. O. Altman, Detroit; Mrs. Alfred J. Benson, and Albert Boswell, manager of sales.

Two heads of the ancient god of the air, Quetzalcoatl, have been discovered at San Juan Teotihuacan, Mexico. Some people regard the find as a notable contribution to archeology. We beg to submit that it is more of a contribution to the task of simplified spellers.

## LITTLE FOLKS BIG HELP.

There is a growing apprehension of the evils that menace the future and an apparent desire to avert trouble by means of preventive measures. It is coming to be recognized that by making good Americans of all the nation's children the alien problem of the future will be practically solved. The easiest way to teach American ideals and loyalty is to begin with the little child. Therefore, the United States bureau of education and the National Kindergarten association, working together from 8 West Fortieth street, New York, are urging the immediate introduction of the kindergarten into all public schools as a vital Americanizing agency. As a result of their efforts, Texas and California are conducting intensive campaigns, and letters from persons in every state show an increasing interest in securing this educational advantage for the children of their communities. More than 70 per cent of the children of one state are deprived of kindergarten education. We should take steps immediately to remedy this condition, and have kindergartens put into all of the schools this year.

## ARMISTICE DAY DRIVE ON H. C. L. START TO SAVE

W. S. S. Organization Urges Celebration of Nov. 11 by Dealing Blow to Extravagance.

"Armistice Day" is November 11.

Just one year ago the American people celebrated the end of the world war. This year they have a chance to celebrate again. The War Savings organization of the Seventh District has formulated plans to start a campaign on the anniversary of the cessation of hostilities by urging the people to enlist in a new war on the high cost of living—to start to save on that day, if you have not already done so, and to set forth on November 11 with a determination to buy only what is necessary, to help stop extravagance, curtail waste and invest, at least in part, the money thus saved in government securities.

The "Armistice Day" plans of the War Savings organization include:

"Armistice Day" sermons in every pulpit in the five states of the Seventh District, urging judicious spending, regular saving and investment in government securities.

"Armistice Day" proclamations by the governors of the five states and the mayors of the principal cities of the Seventh District.

Resolutions to be passed by labor organizations and fraternal orders.

"Armistice Day" exercises in all the schools. Every child to be asked to buy at least one Thrift Stamp.

"Armistice Day" pamphlets, showing why every one should join in helping bring down high cost of living by enlisting in the government's campaign on November 11, will be put in the hands of every family in the district. The War Savings organization points out that there could be no better occasion than the anniversary of the end of the war for the people to reflect their joy and thanks by enlisting in the new war—this time on the high cost of living.

William Mather Lewis, director of the Savings Division of the Treasury Department, recently made the following comment on the fight against high prices:

"Waste is the American weakness and waste is a contributing cause to the present high prices. The average American citizen must get in the habit of taking a personal inventory; of studying the leaks in his own financial system; of policing his own pocketbook before the high cost situation will be materially bettered.

"The profiteer's slogan is 'Easy money.' The profiteer fattens today because easy money is universal in America, because extravagance is habitual, because men are content to deal in glittering generalities about the situation and stubbornly unwilling to face the matter personally."

Armistice Day gives everyone the opportunity to "face the situation personally" by enlisting in the savings campaign of the government. Among the slogans suggested for this campaign are:

Work, Save, Succeed (W. S. S.)

Buy only what you need.

Put Liberty Bond Interest in W. S. S.

Start Saving Armistice Day.

Police your own pocketbook; save.

November 15 is one of the biggest of the Liberty Bond interest pay-days. Then Uncle Sam will pay out to the investors in that class of government security a total of more than \$148,000,000 in interest. On that date you have a chance to "TURN YOUR INTEREST INTO PRINCIPAL" by re-investing it in War Savings Stamps or the new Treasury Savings Certificates of \$100 and \$1,000 denominations. On Armistice Day complete the ranks of the national army mobilized to fight the high cost of living to a finish.

## START SAVING ARMISTICE DAY

## WHAT MONEY IS NEEDED FOR.

In an address to the New York and New England Brick Manufacture company, Allan Benis declared that the United States needs 1,800,000 homes, 450,000 factories, 5,000 schools, 55,000 apartment houses, 20,000 theaters, 120 freight terminals and 14,000 railroad stations and freight sheds. Capital is needed for these projects and the projects, if financed, would go far toward solving not only the housing, but the employment and wage problems of the country. This capital can be produced only by the people of the United States. It can be most readily and quickly produced through thrift, saving and investment in government securities.

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